## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

## FORM 8-K

## **CURRENT REPORT**

## Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): November 3, 2022

## LendingTree, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

001-34063

(Commission

26-2414818

(IRS Employer

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction

File Number) of incorporation) Identification No.) 1415 Vantage Park Dr., Suite 700, Charlotte, NC 28203 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (704) 541-5351 Not Applicable (Former name or former address, if changed since last report) Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions: ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425) □ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12) □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b)) □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c)) Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class Trading Symbol(s) Name of each exchange on which registered TREE The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter). Emerging growth company  $\Box$ If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new

or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.  $\Box$ 

### Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On November 3, 2022, LendingTree, Inc. (the "Registrant") announced financial results for the quarter ended September 30, 2022. A copy of the related press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 and a copy of the related Shareholder Letter is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2 and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information contained in this Current Report shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be incorporated by reference into a filing under the Securities Act of 1933, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

## Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit Description  |
|-------------|--|
| <u>99.1</u> | Press Release, dated November 3, 2022, with respect to the Registrant's financial results for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 |
| <u>99.2</u> | Shareholder Letter, dated November 3, 2022   |
| 104         | Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)  |
|             |  |

## **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

November 3, 2022

## LENDINGTREE, INC.

By: /s/ Trent Ziegler

Trent Ziegler

Chief Financial Officer



## LENDINGTREE REPORTS THIRD QUARTER 2022 RESULTS

Continued Growth in Consumer Segment Offset by Macro Headwinds Across Home and Insurance

- Consolidated revenue of \$237.8 million
- GAAP net loss from continuing operations of \$(158.7) million or \$(12.44) per diluted share, inclusive of a \$139.7 million noncash loss from a full valuation allowance of deferred tax assets
- Variable marketing margin of \$74.7 million, inclusive of a \$15.5 million investment in our brand campaign
- Adjusted EBITDA of \$9.8 million
- Adjusted net loss per share of \$(0.36)

CHARLOTTE, NC - November 3, 2022 - LendingTree, Inc. (NASDAQ: TREE), operator of LendingTree.com, the nation's leading online financial services marketplace, today announced results for the quarter ended September 30, 2022.

The company has posted a letter to shareholders on the company's website at investors.lendingtree.com.

"This quarter we re-introduced LendingTree to consumers by recommitting to our brand promise of helping them win financially. This was reflected in the updated tagline: LendingTree - You Win! We launched the updated brand positioning with new advertising creative, a redesigned home page, updated form flows, offer pages, and enhanced post-submit communications. We timed the launch to take advantage of a very efficient media expense environment to gain maximum exposure during the period." said Doug Lebda, Chairman and CEO. "Initial results have been quite positive, with aided awareness at all time highs and both positive impression and understanding of our brand gaining significantly over prior periods. Our brand is our key asset, and is central to our growth strategy. Our ability to improve the mix of organic traffic will help us remain connected with our consumers over time, driving acquisition costs lower, improve monetization and, most importantly, generate a better overall consumer experience. Given the emerging economic headwinds, successfully executing on this strategy has sharpened our focus on delivering consumers the best financial advice when and where they need it. I could not be more excited about the future of our company."

Trent Ziegler, CFO, added, "Our Consumer segment continued to grow as expected, and a record performance for our Home Equity offering within our Home segment helped to somewhat offset the headwinds our lender partners are facing in mortgage. This quarter presented many of the same challenges as recent periods, namely reduced demand for mortgage loans due to rising interest rates and a pause in customer acquisition activity for insurance carriers as they raise premium rates in response to inflationary pressures. Encouragingly, variable marketing margins across all three of our reportable segments were stable versus a year ago, highlighting the durability of our variable marketing model through all stages of the economic cycle. We maintain significant financial flexibility with \$286 million of cash on the balance sheet, and we are committed to managing our business prudently through this environment. Subsequent to quarter-end we completed a fixed cost analysis that will reduce our annualized operating expenses by \$25M, which is expected to be fully realized in 2023."



## Third Quarter 2022 Business Highlights

- Home segment revenue of \$64.9 million decreased 42% over third quarter 2021 and produced segment profit of \$24.1 million, down 42% over the same period.
  - Within Home, mortgage products revenue of \$34.5 million declined 63% over prior year, partially offset by 52% growth in home equity.
- Consumer segment revenue of \$102.7 million grew 3% over third quarter 2021.
  - Within Consumer, personal loans revenue of \$37.7 million grew 12% over prior year.
  - Revenue from our small business offering grew 9% over prior year.
  - Credit card revenue of \$24.3 million was down 10% over prior year.
- Insurance segment revenue of \$70.2 million decreased 17% over third quarter 2021 and translated into segment profit of \$22.6 million, down 15% over the same period.
- Through September 30, 2022, 23.9 million consumers have signed up for MyLendingTree.



|   |    | _                  |     | nary Financial Me<br>pt per share amou |                                  |               |          |
|---|----|--------------------|-----|--|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|
|   |    | Three Mo<br>Septen | 30, | Y/Y                                    | <br>hree Months<br>ided June 30, | Q/Q           |          |
|   |    | 2022               |     | 2021                                   | % Change                         | 2022          | % Change |
| Total revenue                                       | \$ | 237.8              | \$  | 297.4                                  | (20)%                            | \$<br>261.9   | (9)%     |
| Loss before income taxes                            | \$ | (22.8)             | \$  | (4.4)                                  | (418)%                           | \$<br>(10.4)  | (119)%   |
| Income tax (expense) benefit                        | \$ | (135.9)            | \$  | _                                      | <u> </u>                         | \$<br>2.4     |          |
| Net loss from continuing operations                 | \$ | (158.7)            | \$  | (4.4)                                  |                                  | \$<br>(8.0)   |          |
| Net loss from continuing operations % of            |    | •                  |     | •                                      |                                  | •             |          |
| revenue   |    | (67)%              |     | (1)%                                   |                                  | (3)%          |          |
| Loss per share from continuing operations           |    |                    |     |  |                                  |               |          |
| Basic   | \$ | (12.44)            | \$  | (0.33)                                 |                                  | \$<br>(0.63)  |          |
| Diluted   | \$ | (12.44)            | \$  | (0.33)                                 |                                  | \$<br>(0.63)  |          |
| Variable marketing margin                           |    |                    |     |  |                                  |               |          |
| Total revenue                                       | \$ | 237.8              | \$  | 297.4                                  | (20)%                            | \$<br>261.9   | (9)%     |
| Variable marketing expense (1)(2)                   | \$ | (163.1)            | \$  | (191.5)                                | (15)%                            | \$<br>(171.1) | (5)%     |
| Variable marketing margin <sup>(2)</sup>            | \$ | 74.7               | \$  | 105.9                                  | (29)%                            | \$<br>90.8    | (18)%    |
| Variable marketing margin $\%$ of revenue $^{(2)}$  |    | 31%                |     | 36%                                    |                                  | 35%           |          |
| Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(2)</sup>                      | \$ | 9.8                | \$  | 41.0                                   | (76)%                            | \$<br>28.6    | (66)%    |
| Adjusted EBITDA % of revenue <sup>(2)</sup>         |    | 4%                 |     | 14%                                    | ( 1) 11                          | 11%           | ( 1) 11  |
| Adjusted net (loss) income <sup>(2)</sup>           | \$ | (4.6)              | \$  | 10.3                                   | (145)%                           | \$<br>7.6     | (161)%   |
| Adjusted net (loss) income per share <sup>(2)</sup> | \$ | (0.36)             | \$  | 0.75                                   | (148)%                           | \$<br>0.58    | (162)%   |

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the portion of selling and marketing expense attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses. Excludes overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses.

<sup>(2)</sup> Variable marketing expense, variable marketing margin, variable marketing margin % of revenue, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA % of revenue, adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share are non-GAAP measures. Please see "LendingTree's Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures to GAAP" and "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" below for more information.



|  | _                  |    | Segment Results illions) |          |                               |       |          |
|--|--------------------|----|--------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|-------|----------|
|  | Three Mo<br>Septen |    |                          | Y/Y      | Three Months<br>Ended June 30 |       | Q/Q      |
|  | <br>2022           |    | 2021                     | % Change |                               | 2022  | % Change |
| Home (1)                               |                    |    |                          |          |                               |       |          |
| Revenue                                | \$<br>64.9         | \$ | 112.4                    | (42)%    | \$                            | 73.9  | (12)%    |
| Segment profit                         | \$<br>24.1         | \$ | 41.5                     | (42)%    | \$                            | 26.7  | (10)%    |
| Segment profit % of revenue            | 37%                |    | 37%                      |          |                               | 36%   |          |
| Consumer (2).                          |                    |    |                          |          |                               |       |          |
| Revenue                                | \$<br>102.7        | \$ | 100.0                    | 3%       | \$                            | 106.1 | (3)%     |
| Segment profit                         | \$<br>45.8         | \$ | 44.7                     | 2%       | \$                            | 44.6  | 3%       |
| Segment profit % of revenue            | 45%                |    | 45%                      |          |                               | 42%   |          |
| Insurance (3).                         |                    |    |                          |          |                               |       |          |
| Revenue                                | \$<br>70.2         | \$ | 84.8                     | (17)%    | \$                            | 81.8  | (14)%    |
| Segment profit                         | \$<br>22.6         | \$ | 26.6                     | (15)%    | \$                            | 22.6  | %        |
| Segment profit % of revenue            | 32%                |    | 31%                      |          |                               | 28%   |          |
| Other <sup>(<u>4)</u></sup>            |                    |    |                          |          |                               |       |          |
| Revenue                                | \$<br>_            | \$ | 0.2                      | (100)%   | \$                            | 0.1   | (100)%   |
| (Loss) profit                          | \$<br>(0.2)        | \$ | 0.1                      | (300)%   | \$                            | (0.1) | (100)%   |
| Total revenue                          | \$<br>237.8        | \$ | 297.4                    | (20)%    | \$                            | 261.9 | (9)%     |
|  | 02.2               | Ф  | 110.0                    | (40) 0 / | •                             | 22.0  | (2) 0 (  |
| Total segment profit                   | \$<br>92.3         | \$ | 112.9                    | (18)%    | \$                            | 93.8  | (2)%     |
| Brand marketing expense (5)            | \$<br>(17.6)       | \$ | (7.0)                    | 151%     | \$                            | (3.0) | 487%     |
| Variable marketing margin              | \$<br>74.7         | \$ | 105.9                    | (29)%    | \$                            | 90.8  | (18)%    |
| Variable marketing margin % of revenue | 31%                |    | 36%                      |          |                               | 35%   |          |

- (1) The Home segment includes the following products: purchase mortgage, refinance mortgage, home equity loans, and reverse mortgage loans.
- (2) The Consumer segment includes the following products: credit cards, personal loans, small business loans, student loans, auto loans, deposit accounts, and other credit products such as credit repair and debt settlement.
- (3) The Insurance segment consists of insurance quote products and sales of insurance policies.
- (4) The Other category primarily includes marketing revenue and related expenses not allocated to a specific segment.
- (5) Brand marketing expense represents the portion of selling and marketing expense attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses that are not assignable to the segments' products. This measure excludes overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses.



#### Financial Outlook\*

Today we are updating our full-year 2022 outlook which implies the following ranges for the fourth-quarter. Our forecast assumes a partial benefit from recently completed expense reductions offset by continued headwinds in the Home segment, as well as seasonal patterns that have historically weighed on our 4Q results.

### Full-year 2022:

- Revenue: \$985 \$1,000 million compared to the prior range of \$985 \$1,015 million
- Variable Marketing Margin: \$330 \$340 million versus \$325 \$345 million prior
- Adjusted EBITDA: \$77 \$82 million versus prior range of \$75 \$85 million

#### Fourth-quarter 2022:

- Revenue: \$202 \$217 million
- Variable Marketing Margin: \$70 \$80 million
- Adjusted EBITDA: \$9 \$14 million

#### **Quarterly Conference Call**

A conference call to discuss LendingTree's third quarter 2022 financial results will be webcast live today, November 3, 2022 at 9:00 AM Eastern Time (ET). The live audiocast is open to the public and will be available on LendingTree's investor relations website at investors.lendingtree.com. Following completion of the call, a recorded replay of the webcast will be available on the website.

<sup>\*</sup>LendingTree is not able to provide a reconciliation of projected variable marketing margin or adjusted EBITDA to the most directly comparable expected GAAP results due to the unknown effect, timing and potential significance of the effects of legal matters and tax considerations. Expenses associated with legal matters and tax considerations have in the past, and may in the future, significantly affect GAAP results in a particular period.



## Variable Marketing Expense

Below is a reconciliation of selling and marketing expense to variable marketing expense. See "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" for further discussion of the Company's use of this non-GAAP measure.

|  | T                     | hree | <b>Months Ende</b> | d  |                      |
|--|-----------------------|------|--------------------|----|----------------------|
|  | September 30,<br>2022 |      |                    | Se | eptember 30,<br>2021 |
|  |                       | (in  | thousands)         |    |                      |
| Selling and marketing expense                  | \$<br>176,875         | \$   | 184,537            | \$ | 206,475              |
| Non-variable selling and marketing expense (1) | (13,731)              |      | (13,385)           |    | (14,928)             |
| Variable marketing expense                     | \$<br>163,144         | \$   | 171,152            | \$ | 191,547              |

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the portion of selling and marketing expense not attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses. Includes overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses.



## Variable Marketing Margin

Below is a reconciliation of net loss from continuing operations to variable marketing margin and net loss from continuing operations % of revenue to variable marketing margin % of revenue. See "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" for further discussion of the Company's use of these non-GAAP measures.

|  |    | Tl          | hree Months Ended     |               |
|--|----|-------------|-----------------------|---------------|
|  | Se | ptember 30, | June 30,              | September 30, |
|  |    | 2022        | 2022                  | 2021          |
|  |    | (in thou    | sands, except percent | ages)         |
| Net loss from continuing operations                    | \$ | (158,683)   | 8 (8,038) \$          | (4,406)       |
| Net loss from continuing operations % of revenue       |    | (67)%       | (3)%                  | (1)%          |
|  |    |             |                       |               |
| Adjustments to reconcile to variable marketing margin: |    |             |                       |               |
| Cost of revenue  |    | 14,105      | 14,574                | 15,020        |
| Non-variable selling and marketing expense (1)         |    | 13,731      | 13,385                | 14,928        |
| General and administrative expense                     |    | 39,540      | 40,289                | 40,126        |
| Product development                                    |    | 14,043      | 14,318                | 13,384        |
| Depreciation   |    | 5,274       | 4,896                 | 4,808         |
| Amortization of intangibles                            |    | 6,582       | 7,075                 | 10,345        |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration       |    | _           | _                     | (196)         |
| Restructuring and severance                            |    |             | 135                   | 47            |
| Litigation settlements and contingencies               |    | (7)         | (7)                   | 22            |
| Interest expense, net                                  |    | 5,720       | 6,765                 | 11,826        |
| Other (income) expense                                 |    | (1,523)     | (284)                 | _             |
| Income tax expense (benefit)                           |    | 135,910     | (2,337)               | (1)           |
| Variable marketing margin                              | \$ | 74,692      | 90,771                | 5 105,903     |
| Variable marketing margin % of revenue                 | ·  | 31%         | 35%                   | 36%           |

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the portion of selling and marketing expense not attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses. Includes overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses.



## **Adjusted EBITDA**

Below is a reconciliation of net loss from continuing operations to adjusted EBITDA and net loss from continuing operations % of revenue to adjusted EBITDA % of revenue. See "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" for further discussion of the Company's use of these non-GAAP measures.

|  |    | Th                  | ree Months Ende    | ed                    |  |  |
|--|----|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
|  | Se | ptember 30,<br>2022 | June 30,<br>2022   | September 30,<br>2021 |  |  |
|  |    |                     | ands, except perce |                       |  |  |
| Net loss from continuing operations              | \$ | (158,683) \$        | (0.000)            | \$ (4,406)            |  |  |
| Net loss from continuing operations % of revenue |    | (67)%               | (3)%               | (1)%                  |  |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile to adjusted EBITDA:     |    |                     |                    |                       |  |  |
| Amortization of intangibles                      |    | 6,582               | 7,075              | 10,345                |  |  |
| Depreciation                                     |    | 5,274               | 4,896              | 4,808                 |  |  |
| Restructuring and severance                      |    | _                   | 135                | 47                    |  |  |
| Loss on impairments and disposal of assets       |    | 834                 | 2,996              | 1,251                 |  |  |
| Non-cash compensation                            |    | 15,575              | 17,335             | 17,074                |  |  |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration |    | _                   | _                  | (196)                 |  |  |
| Acquisition expense                              |    | 104                 | 58                 | 227                   |  |  |
| Litigation settlements and contingencies         |    | (7)                 | (7)                | 22                    |  |  |
| Interest expense, net                            |    | 5,720               | 6,765              | 11,826                |  |  |
| Dividend income                                  |    | (1,523)             | (282)              | _                     |  |  |
| Income tax expense (benefit)                     |    | 135,910             | (2,337)            | (1)                   |  |  |
| Adjusted EBITDA                                  | \$ | 9,786 \$            | 28,596             | \$ 40,997             |  |  |
| Adjusted EBITDA % of revenue                     |    | 4%                  | 11%                | 14%                   |  |  |



## **Adjusted Net Income**

Below is a reconciliation of net loss from continuing operations to adjusted net (loss) income and net loss per diluted share from continuing operations to adjusted net (loss) income per share. See "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" for further discussion of the Company's use of these non-GAAP measures.

|  |    | 1                   | hre  | e Months Ende    | d    |                       |
|--|----|---------------------|------|------------------|------|-----------------------|
|  | Se | otember 30,<br>2022 |      | June 30,<br>2022 | S    | September 30,<br>2021 |
|  |    | (in thousa          | nds, | except per shar  | e ar | nounts)               |
| Net loss from continuing operations  | \$ | (158,683)           | \$   | (8,038)          | \$   | (4,406)               |
| Adjustments to reconcile to adjusted net income:   |    |                     |      |                  |      | _                     |
| Restructuring and severance  |    | _                   |      | 135              |      | 47                    |
| Loss on impairments and disposal of assets   |    | 834                 |      | 2,996            |      | 1,251                 |
| Non-cash compensation  |    | 15,575              |      | 17,335           |      | 17,074                |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration   |    | _                   |      | _                |      | (196)                 |
| Acquisition expense  |    | 104                 |      | 58               |      | 227                   |
| Litigation settlements and contingencies   |    | (7)                 |      | (7)              |      | 22                    |
| Income tax benefit from adjusted items   |    | (3,842)             |      | (5,364)          |      | (4,687)               |
| Excess tax expense from stock-based compensation   |    | 1,752               |      | 438              |      | 938                   |
| Income tax (benefit) expense from valuation allowance                                      |    | 139,670             |      | _                |      | _                     |
| Adjusted net (loss) income   | \$ | (4,597)             | \$   | 7,553            | \$   | 10,270                |
|  |    |                     |      |                  |      |                       |
| Net loss per diluted share from continuing operations                                      | \$ | (12.44)             | \$   | (0.63)           | \$   | (0.33)                |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss from continuing operations to adjusted net (loss) income |    | 12.08               |      | 1.22             |      | 1.10                  |
| Adjustments to reconcile effect of dilutive securities                                     |    |                     |      | (0.01)           |      | (0.02)                |
| Adjusted net (loss) income per share   | \$ | (0.36)              | \$   | 0.58             | \$   | 0.75                  |
|  |    |                     |      |                  |      |                       |
| Adjusted weighted average diluted shares outstanding                                       |    | 12,758              |      | 12,936           |      | 13,707                |
| Effect of dilutive securities  |    | _                   |      | 213              |      | 439                   |
| Weighted average diluted shares outstanding  |    | 12,758              |      | 12,723           |      | 13,268                |
| Effect of dilutive securities  |    |                     |      | _                |      |                       |
| Weighted average basic shares outstanding  |    | 12,758              |      | 12,723           |      | 13,268                |



#### LENDINGTREE'S PRINCIPLES OF FINANCIAL REPORTING

LendingTree reports the following non-GAAP measures as supplemental to GAAP:

- · Variable marketing margin, including variable marketing expense
- Variable marketing margin % of revenue
- Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization, as adjusted for certain items discussed below ("Adjusted EBITDA")
- Adjusted EBITDA % of revenue
- · Adjusted net income
- Adjusted net income per share

Variable marketing margin is a measure of the efficiency of the Company's operating model, measuring revenue after subtracting variable marketing and advertising costs that directly influence revenue. The Company's operating model is highly sensitive to the amount and efficiency of variable marketing expenditures, and the Company's proprietary systems are able to make rapidly changing decisions concerning the deployment of variable marketing expenditures (primarily but not exclusively online and mobile advertising placement) based on proprietary and sophisticated analytics. Variable marketing margin and variable marketing margin % of revenue are primary metrics by which the Company measures the effectiveness of its marketing efforts.

Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA % of revenue are primary metrics by which LendingTree evaluates the operating performance of its businesses, on which its marketing expenditures and internal budgets are based and, in the case of adjusted EBITDA, by which management and many employees are compensated in most years.

Adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share supplement GAAP income from continuing operations and GAAP income per diluted share from continuing operations by enabling investors to make period to period comparisons of those components of the nearest comparable GAAP measures that management believes better reflect the underlying financial performance of the Company's business operations during particular financial reporting periods. Adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share exclude certain amounts, such as non-cash compensation, non-cash asset impairment charges, gain/loss on disposal of assets, gain/loss on investments, restructuring and severance, litigation settlements and contingencies, acquisition and disposition income or expenses including with respect to changes in fair value of contingent consideration, gain/loss on extinguishment of debt, one-time items which are recognized and recorded under GAAP in particular periods but which might be viewed as not necessarily coinciding with the underlying business operations for the periods in which they are so recognized and recorded, the effects to income taxes of the aforementioned adjustments, any excess tax benefit or expense associated with stock-based compensation recorded in net income in conjunction with FASB pronouncement ASU 2016-09, and income tax (benefit) expense from a valuation allowance. LendingTree believes that adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share are useful financial indicators that provide a different view of the financial performance of the Company than adjusted EBITDA (the primary metric by which LendingTree evaluates the operating performance of its businesses) and the GAAP measures of net income from continuing operations and GAAP income per diluted share from continuing operations.



These non-GAAP measures should be considered in addition to results prepared in accordance with GAAP, but should not be considered a substitute for or superior to GAAP results. LendingTree provides and encourages investors to examine the reconciling adjustments between the GAAP and non-GAAP measures set forth above.

#### **Definition of LendingTree's Non-GAAP Measures**

Variable marketing margin is defined as revenue less variable marketing expense. Variable marketing expense is defined as the expense attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses, and excluding overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses. The majority of these variable advertising costs are expressly intended to drive traffic to our websites and these variable advertising costs are included in selling and marketing expense on the Company's consolidated statements of operations and consolidated income.

EBITDA is defined as net income from continuing operations excluding interest, income taxes, amortization of intangibles and depreciation.

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA excluding (1) non-cash compensation expense, (2) non-cash impairment charges, (3) gain/loss on disposal of assets, (4) gain/loss on investments, (5) restructuring and severance expenses, (6) litigation settlements and contingencies, (7) acquisitions and dispositions income or expense (including with respect to changes in fair value of contingent consideration), (8) dividend income, and (9) one-time items.

Adjusted net income is defined as net (loss) income from continuing operations excluding (1) non-cash compensation expense, (2) non-cash impairment charges, (3) gain/loss on disposal of assets, (4) gain/loss on investments, (5) restructuring and severance expenses, (6) litigation settlements and contingencies, (7) acquisitions and dispositions income or expense (including with respect to changes in fair value of contingent consideration), (8) gain/loss on extinguishment of debt, (9) one-time items, (10) the effects to income taxes of the aforementioned adjustments, (11) any excess tax benefit or expense associated with stock-based compensation recorded in net income in conjunction with FASB pronouncement ASU 2016-09, and (12) income tax (benefit) expense from a valuation allowance.

Adjusted net income per share is defined as adjusted net income divided by the adjusted weighted average diluted shares outstanding. For periods which the Company reports GAAP loss from continuing operations, the effects of potentially dilutive securities are excluded from the calculation of net loss per diluted share from continuing operations because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. In periods where the Company reports GAAP loss from continuing operations but reports positive non-GAAP adjusted net income, the effects of potentially dilutive securities are included in the denominator for calculating adjusted net income per share if their inclusion would be dilutive.

LendingTree endeavors to compensate for the limitations of these non-GAAP measures by also providing the comparable GAAP measures with equal or greater prominence and descriptions of the reconciling items, including quantifying such items, to derive the non-GAAP measures. These non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

#### **One-Time Items**

Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net income are adjusted for one-time items, if applicable. Items are considered one-time in nature if they are non-recurring, infrequent or unusual, and have not occurred in the past two years or are not expected to recur in the next two years, in accordance with SEC rules. For the periods presented in this report, there are no adjustments for one-time items.



### Non-Cash Expenses That Are Excluded From LendingTree's Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income

Non-cash compensation expense consists principally of expense associated with the grants of restricted stock, restricted stock units and stock options. These expenses are not paid in cash and LendingTree includes the related shares in its calculations of fully diluted shares outstanding. Upon settlement of restricted stock units, exercise of certain stock options or vesting of restricted stock awards, the awards may be settled on a net basis, with LendingTree remitting the required tax withholding amounts from its current funds. Cash expenditures for employer payroll taxes on non-cash compensation are included within adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net income.

Amortization of intangibles are non-cash expenses relating primarily to acquisitions. At the time of an acquisition, the intangible assets of the acquired company, such as purchase agreements, technology and customer relationships, are valued and amortized over their estimated lives. Amortization of intangibles are only excluded from adjusted EBITDA.

### Safe Harbor Statement Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

The matters contained in the discussion above may be considered to be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Those statements include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations or anticipations of LendingTree and members of our management team. Factors currently known to management that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include the following: uncertainty regarding the duration and scope of the coronavirus referred to as COVID-19 pandemic; actions governments and businesses take in response to the pandemic, including actions that could affect levels of advertising activity; the impact of the pandemic and actions taken in response to the pandemic on national and regional economies and economic activity; the pace of recovery when the COVID-19 pandemic subsides; adverse conditions in the primary and secondary mortgage markets and in the economy, particularly interest rates; default rates on loans, particularly unsecured loans; demand by investors for unsecured personal loans; the effect of such demand on interest rates for personal loans and consumer demand for personal loans; seasonality of results; potential liabilities to secondary market purchasers; changes in the Company's relationships with network lenders, including dependence on certain key network lenders; breaches of network security or the misappropriation or misuse of personal consumer information; failure to provide competitive service; failure to maintain brand recognition; ability to attract and retain consumers in a cost-effective manner; the effects of potential acquisitions of other businesses, including the ability to integrate them successfully with LendingTree's existing operations; accounting rules related to contingent consideration and excess tax benefits or expenses on stock-based compensation that could materially affect earnings in future periods; ability to develop new products and services and enhance existing ones; competition; allegations of failure to comply with existing or changing laws, rules or regulations, or to obtain and maintain required licenses; failure of network lenders or other affiliated parties to comply with regulatory requirements; failure to maintain the integrity of systems and infrastructure; liabilities as a result of privacy regulations; failure to adequately protect intellectual property rights or allegations of infringement of intellectual property rights; and changes in management. These and additional factors to be considered are set forth under "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2021, in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2022, and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. LendingTree undertakes no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes to future operating results or expectations.



## About LendingTree, Inc.

LendingTree (NASDAQ: TREE) is one of the nation's largest, most experienced online marketplaces, created to give power to consumers so more people can win financially. LendingTree strives to provide consumers with easy access to the best offers on home loans, personal loans, insurance, credit cards, student loans, business loans, home equity loans/lines of credit, auto loans and more, through its network of over 500 partners. Founded in 1996 and launched nationally in 1998, LendingTree has helped over 111 million consumers obtain financing, save money, and improve their financial and credit health with transparency, education, and support throughout their financial journey.

LendingTree, Inc. is headquartered in Charlotte, NC. For more information, please visit www.lendingtree.com..

#### **Investor Relations Contact:**

investors@lendingtree.com

### **Media Contact:**

press@lendingtree.com



November 3, 2022

## **Fellow Shareholders:**

Our Consumer segment was a bright spot this quarter, growing both revenue and profit YoY, helping to offset the difficult operating environment in our Home and Insurance businesses. Elevated interest rates and inflation at 40-year highs in the U.S. further pressured consumer demand for mortgage loans and carrier appetite for new insurance policies. Despite these challenges, we were encouraged that gross margin in all three segments held steady YoY, indicative of the value we continue to generate for our partners and the durability of our variable marketing model through all stages of the economic cycle.

Our team is focused on factors within our control as we endure macroeconomic headwinds that are not forecast to subside in the near-term. We continue to operate from a position of financial strength as we navigate a difficult economic backdrop, with a substantial cash balance and generating positive free cashflow. Managing our non-marketing operating expenses remains a top priority, and we held these flat in the third quarter compared to the prior year.

The company is committed to generating positive operating leverage when we return to a more normalized revenue environment. As proof of that commitment, subsequent to quarter-end we completed a thorough review of our fixed costs. Last week we took action to eliminate approximately 200 roles at the company, in addition to identifying a number of third-party cost saving opportunities. In aggregate, we have identified anticipated annualized savings of \$25 million, expected to be fully realized in 2023. The company has now reduced headcount by over 20% from the peak level in mid-2021, and remains appropriately resourced to both execute on our growth initiatives and support our marketplace business. We are committed to vigilantly continuing this work as part of our strategy in 2023.

In the quarter we continued to make progress on the development of the Digital Advisor initiative within MyLendingTree, and we have onboarded new partner Upgrade, Inc. as both a credit card issuer and personal lender onto our TreeQual platform. Our brand campaign launched during the quarter and marked our first return to television advertising since the onset of the pandemic. We were able to efficiently access media during a period of significantly reduced advertising costs, and initial results of the investment appear promising.



Within our insurance segment, our P&C Agency initiative produced encouraging results as we move further down the sales funnel to fulfillment with our customers to enhance their experience and boost our economics. Our Healthcare team's focus on efficiency has resulted in improved margins along with strong YoY revenue growth, and our Medicare Agency is staffed and well prepared for the annual enrollment period that has already begun in 4Q.

|   | SUMM       | ARY CONSOLII | DATED FINAL | NCIALS     |             |             |
|---|------------|--------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| (millions, except per share amounts)                      |            | 2022         |             | 2021       |             | Y/Y         |
|   | Q3         | Q2           | Q1          | Q4         | Q3          | %<br>Change |
| Total revenue   | \$ 237.8   | \$ 261.9     | \$ 283.2    | \$ 258.3   | \$ 297.4    | (20) %      |
| (Loss) income before income taxes                         | \$ (22.8)  | \$ (10.4)    | \$ (10.4)   | \$ 60.2    | \$ (4.4)    | (418) %     |
| Income tax (expense) benefit                              | \$ (135.9) | \$ 2.4       | \$ (0.4)    | \$ (11.8)  | \$ <i>—</i> | <b>—</b> %  |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations              | \$ (158.7) | \$ (8.0)     | \$ (10.8)   | \$ 48.4    | \$ (4.4)    |             |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations % of revenue | (67) %     | (3) %        | (4) %       | 19 %       | (1) %       |             |
| (Loss) income per share from continuing operations        |            |              |             |            |             |             |
| Basic   | \$ (12.44) | \$ (0.63)    | \$ (0.84)   | \$ 3.67    | \$ (0.33)   |             |
| Diluted   | \$ (12.44) | \$ (0.63)    | \$ (0.84)   | \$ 3.57    | \$ (0.33)   |             |
| Variable marketing<br>margin                              |            |              |             |            |             |             |
| Total revenue   | \$ 237.8   | \$ 261.9     | \$ 283.2    | \$ 258.3   | \$ 297.4    | (20) %      |
| Variable marketing expense (1) (2)                        | \$ (163.1) | \$ (171.1)   | \$ (189.1)  | \$ (169.8) | \$ (191.5)  | (15) %      |
| Variable marketing margin <sup>(2)</sup>                  | \$ 74.7    | \$ 90.8      | \$ 94.1     | \$ 88.5    | \$ 105.9    | (29) %      |
| Variable marketing margin % of revenue (2)                | 31 %       | 35 %         | 33 %        | 34 %       | 36 %        |             |
| Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(2)</sup> Adjusted EBITDA % of       | \$ 9.8     | \$ 28.6      | \$ 29.4     | \$ 24.7    | \$ 41.0     | (76) %      |
| revenue <sup>(2)</sup>                                    | 4 %        | 11 %         | 10 %        | 10 %       | 14 %        |             |
| Adjusted net (loss) income <sup>(2)</sup>                 | \$ (4.6)   | \$ 7.6       | \$ 6.1      | \$ (4.1)   | \$ 10.3     | (145) %     |
| Adjusted net (loss)<br>income per share <sup>(2)</sup>    | \$ (0.36)  | \$ 0.58      | \$ 0.46     | \$ (0.31)  | \$ 0.75     | (148) %     |

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the portion of selling and marketing expense attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses. Excludes overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses.

<sup>(2)</sup> Variable marketing expense, variable marketing margin, variable marketing margin % of revenue, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA % of revenue, adjusted net (loss) income and adjusted net (loss) income per share are non-GAAP measures. Please see "LendingTree's Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures to GAAP" and "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" below for more information.



## **Q3 2022 CONSOLIDATED RESULTS**

Consolidated revenue of \$237.8 million declined 20% over the prior year, reflecting the decline in Home refinance volume and a challenging Insurance environment, partially offset by resilience in Consumer.

Variable Marketing Margin of \$74.7 million declined 29% over prior year. Segment level margins were stable YoY, but overall margin declined due to the \$15.5 million investment in our brand campaign.

GAAP net loss from continuing operations was \$(158.7) million, or \$(12.44) per diluted share.

Net loss from continuing operations was negatively impacted by a \$139.7 million noncash expense recorded in 3Q to establish a full valuation allowance on our deferred tax assets.

Adjusted EBITDA was \$9.8 million.

Adjusted net loss of \$(4.6) million translates to \$(0.36) per share.



## **SEGMENT RESULTS**

| (millions)                             |             | 2022     |          | 2021     | Y/Y      |          |  |
|--|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
|  | Q3          | Q2       | Q1       | Q4       | Q3       | % Change |  |
| Home (1)                               |             |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Revenue                                | \$ 64.9     | \$ 73.9  | \$ 101.9 | \$ 96.3  | \$ 112.4 | (42) %   |  |
| Segment profit                         | \$ 24.1     | \$ 26.7  | \$ 35.9  | \$ 33.8  | \$ 41.5  | (42) %   |  |
| Segment profit % of revenue            | 37 %        | 36 %     | 35 %     | 35 %     | 37 %     |          |  |
| Consumer (2)                           |             |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Revenue                                | \$ 102.7    | \$ 106.1 | \$ 101.1 | \$ 96.4  | \$ 100.0 | 3 %      |  |
| Segment profit                         | \$ 45.8     | \$ 44.6  | \$ 42.5  | \$ 40.8  | \$ 44.7  | 2 %      |  |
| Segment profit % of revenue            | 45 %        | 42 %     | 42 %     | 42 %     | 45 %     |          |  |
| Insurance (3)                          |             |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Revenue                                | \$ 70.2     | \$ 81.8  | \$ 80.0  | \$ 65.4  | \$ 84.8  | (17) %   |  |
| Segment profit                         | \$ 22.6     | \$ 22.6  | \$ 21.1  | \$ 20.8  | \$ 26.6  | (15) %   |  |
| Segment profit % of revenue            | 32 %        | 28 %     | 26 %     | 32 %     | 31 %     |          |  |
| Other Category (4)                     |             |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Revenue                                | \$ <i>—</i> | \$ 0.1   | \$ 0.1   | \$ 0.2   | \$ 0.2   | (100) %  |  |
| (Loss) profit                          | \$ (0.2)    | \$ (0.1) | \$ (0.1) | \$ 0.1   | \$ 0.1   | (300) %  |  |
| Total                                  |             |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Revenue                                | \$ 237.8    | \$ 261.9 | \$ 283.2 | \$ 258.3 | \$ 297.4 | (20) %   |  |
| Segment profit                         | \$ 92.3     | \$ 93.8  | \$ 99.5  | \$ 95.5  | \$ 112.9 | (18) %   |  |
| Segment profit % of revenue            | 39 %        | 36 %     | 35 %     | 37 %     | 38 %     |          |  |
| Brand marketing expense (5)            | \$ (17.6)   | \$ (3.0) | \$ (5.4) | \$ (7.0) | \$ (7.0) | 151 %    |  |
| Variable marketing margin              | \$ 74.7     | \$ 90.8  | \$ 94.1  | \$ 88.5  | \$ 105.9 | (29) %   |  |
| Variable marketing margin % of revenue | 31 %        | 35 %     | 33 %     | 34 %     | 36 %     |          |  |

- (1) The Home segment includes the following products: purchase mortgage, refinance mortgage, home equity loans, and reverse mortgage loans.
- (2) The Consumer segment includes the following products: credit cards, personal loans, small business loans, student loans, auto loans, deposit accounts, and other credit products such as credit repair and debt settlement.
- (3) The Insurance segment consists of insurance quote products and sales of insurance policies.
- (4) The Other category primarily includes marketing revenue and related expenses not allocated to a specific segment.
- (5) Brand marketing expense represents the portion of selling and marketing expense attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses that are not assignable to the segments' products. This measure excludes overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses.

<u>Q</u>3.2022



#### **HOME**

Our home equity business achieved record revenue in the quarter growing 52% YoY. Consumer demand remains elevated with volume up 43% YoY and 7% sequentially. Purchase revenue grew 4% YoY despite volumes declining 29% from a year ago. Revenue per lead for purchase loans continues to expand as leads become more valuable to our lending partners in this difficult origination market. However, limited home inventory and overall affordability is forecast to weigh on overall home sale volumes.

The 30-year fixed mortgage rate at the end of 3Q, as measured by the Freddie Mac Mortgage Market Survey, reached the highest level recorded since 2006 at 6.7%, negatively impacting already depressed loan origination volumes. The number of consumers with an incentive to refinance has dropped to levels last seen in January 2000, according to the August 2022 Black Knight Mortgage Monitor. Near record home prices coupled with higher mortgage rates led to a 24% YoY decrease in September 2022 existing homes sales.

Our home lending partners continue to adjust their origination capacity to the rapidly changing housing market. As a result, Home segment revenue of \$64.9 million and profit of \$24.1 million were both down 42% YoY, Importantly, our variable model allowed us to generate a 37% segment margin that remained stable YoY, as decreased revenue per lead was offset by a similar decline in cost per lead.

## **CONSUMER**

Growth in our Consumer segment continued, although the pace has slowed as expected, with revenue of \$102.7 million, up 3% YoY, and profit of \$45.8 million, up 2%. During the quarter we effectively shifted advertising volume to higher quality marketing partners, driving improved spend efficiency as revenue growth comps have become more challenging.

Personal loans revenue of \$37.7 million was up 12% YoY as debt consolidation remains an attractive option with consumer credit card balances continuing to rise. Many of our partners have tightened their underwriting criteria in order to reduce portfolio risk given recession fears, focusing their customer acquisition activity on consumers with somewhat higher credit quality.

Small business performed well this quarter, achieving revenue growth of 9% over prior year. We continue to focus on lender performance to grow originations and improve conversion rates. By optimizing our marketing mix, we have aimed to increase the quality of our leads which benefits lenders and increases profitability. We are working on providing new product offerings and expanding data capabilities to provide real-time borrower cash flow insights, with a focus on being a valued partner to our lenders to gain share in this quickly evolving market over time.

Q3.2022 5



Our credit card business generated 3Q revenue of \$24.3 million, down 10% YoY, as high levels of competition in the quarter drove a decline in volume. Revenue per click growth continued in the quarter, up 3% YoY. Margins in the segment remain lower than historical levels as we prioritize capturing partner spend and maximizing variable marketing dollars. We continue to diversify our marketing mix to pursue more profitable marketing channels and partnerships to expand our reach and attract more consumers.

Our TreeQual platform, which provides consumers pre-approved offers for credit cards and personal loans, remains a key growth initiative. We currently have four credit card issuers active on the platform, and added our first personal loan lender as well. As we enhance our capabilities to better match borrowers with lenders in real time we expect that we will improve lender performance, drive higher close rates, and increase monetization.

Our student loan business, which typically has seasonally strong performance in 3Q, continues to be impacted by the extension of the government's loan payment moratorium. However, loan payments are expected to resume beginning in 2023. We believe borrowers will be looking for opportunities to refinance their student debt as payments have been paused since the onset of the pandemic. Our deposits business is also growing quickly again as consumers are looking to capitalize on higher interest rates for their savings.

### **INSURANCE**

The auto and home insurance industry continues to be impacted by persistent inflationary headwinds, supply chain issues, rising accident severity and frequency, and more recently hurricane losses. Although consumer search volumes are running at all-time highs, the difficult operating environment for our carrier partners limited growth in the quarter. Revenue of \$70.2 million was down 17% YoY. Segment profit of \$22.6 million was down 15% from a year ago, but remained flat sequentially as the team has been able to increase pricing for the targeted leads we are providing to carriers.

We do not expect P&C carriers to return with meaningful budget increases until next year. Most of our top partners have lowered budgets due to profitability concerns and outsized losses from Hurricane Ian. Given our focus on lead quality and margin performance, we believe we are well positioned to capture additional share of carrier marketing spend when budgets begin to grow again.

Our P&C Agency grew with the addition of two new home carriers and five new auto carriers in the quarter. Written premium doubled YoY as we strategically scale this business to capture better economics and improve the consumer experience. We are actively increasing our agent base to drive policy and written premium growth in 2023 and beyond, and we view this offering as an important part of the MyLendingTree evolution.

Our Medicare Agency focus on unit economic improvements has yielded tangible benefits in agent efficiency and cost of customer acquisition. We have recently added United Healthcare as a carrier option ahead of the open enrollment period to strengthen our plan offerings for consumers.



## **MyLENDINGTREE**

We attribute \$29.5 million of revenue in 3Q to registered MyLendingTree members across our platform, down 25% YoY. We continued to grow our member base, adding 800,000 net new users in the quarter.

| (millions)   |                   | Y/Y               |                   |                   |                   |          |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------|
| My LendingTree   | Q3                | Q2                | Q1                | Q4                | Q3                | % Change |
| Cumulative Sign-ups (at quarter-end)                   | 23.9              | 23.1              | 22.1              | 21.0              | 20.0              | 20 %     |
| Revenue Contribution <sup>(1)</sup> % of total revenue | \$ 29.5<br>12.4 % | \$ 36.6<br>14.0 % | \$ 37.0<br>13.1 % | \$ 37.6<br>14.6 % | \$ 39.2<br>13.2 % | (25) %   |

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes revenue attributed to registered MyLT members across the LendingTree platform, both in-App and outside of the App.

Our focus on improving the MyLendingTree experience for consumers remains a top priority, building on our strategy to become the premier digital advisor that helps consumers achieve their financial goals. We are working on adding additional new products and features in a refreshed version of our offering, which are the result of extensive consumer research that we completed earlier this year. We believe these enhancements will drive higher levels of engagement, growth in membership, and ultimately stronger financial results.

## **BALANCE SHEET & CASH FLOW**

We generated \$8 million of free cashflow (Operating cashflow less capital expenditures) in the quarter despite the \$15.5 million of brand investment in our marketing campaign. We continue to maintain significant financial flexibility holding \$286 million of cash on the balance sheet at quarter-end, with our next debt maturity not until July, 2025. And while we believe holding substantial liquidity in an uncertain economic environment is especially advantageous, we continue to evaluate opportunities for capital deployment in a disciplined way.

### FINANCIAL OUTLOOK\*

Today we are refining our outlook for full-year 2022 which implies the following results for 4Q. Our forecast assumes a partial benefit from recently completed expense reductions offset by continued headwinds in Home, as well as seasonal patterns that have historically weighed on our 4Q results.

### Full-year 2022:

- Revenue of \$985 \$1,000 million compared to the prior range of \$985 \$1,015 million
- Variable Marketing Margin of \$330 \$340 million vs prior range of \$325 \$345 million
- Adjusted EBITDA of \$77 \$82 million vs prior range of \$75 \$85 million



## Fourth-quarter 2022:

• Revenue: \$202 - \$217 million

Variable Marketing Margin: \$70 - \$80 million

Adjusted EBITDA: \$9 - \$14 million

\*LendingTree is not able to provide a reconciliation of projected variable marketing margin or adjusted EBITDA to the most directly comparable expected GAAP results due to the unknown effect, timing and potential significance of the effects of legal matters and tax considerations. Expenses associated with legal matters and tax considerations have in the past, and may in the future, significantly affect GAAP results in a particular period.

## **CONCLUSION**

The corporate strategy we laid out at the beginning of this year focuses on building products that surprise and delight consumers, reaching them when and where they need us for help with their finances. We believe our breadth and depth of partnerships allows us to lead with choice, driving our refreshed consumer focused message of "LendingTree - You win!". The work to build this future for consumers and our company continues every day, and is the core mission for employees across the organization.

Despite the macroeconomic headwinds that pressure our short-term financial results, we are more encouraged than ever for the future. We know managing through this period – and getting leaner – will make our people better and our business more durable. And we see an enormous opportunity to evolve our value proposition – both for our consumers and our partners. We are focused on controlling the things we can control and on investing in the business. We are confident this will drive renewed revenue growth and margin improvement in time. Getting to our destination is not a simple task, but we have the team, resources, and financial strength we need to meet the challenge.

Thank you for your continued support.

Sincerely,

Doug Lebda Chairman & CEO Trent Ziegler

#### LendingTree, Inc.

| Investor Relations:       | Media Relations:      |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| investors@lendingtree.com | press@lendingtree.com |
|                           |                       |



# LENDINGTREE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

|   | Three Months Ended September 30, |           |       |          |    | Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |       |          |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------|-------|----------|----|------------------------------------|-------|----------|
|   |                                  | 2022      |       | 2021     |    | 2022                               |       | 2021     |
|   |                                  |           | thous |          |    | r share amoi                       | unts) |          |
| Revenue   | \$                               | 237,836   | \$    | 297,450  | \$ | 782,937                            | \$    | 840,214  |
| Costs and expenses:   |                                  |           |       |          |    |                                    |       |          |
| Cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below) |                                  | 4.407     |       | 4.5.000  |    | 44.040                             |       | 10 0 10  |
| (1) 		 (1)  |                                  | 14,105    |       | 15,020   |    | 44,240                             |       | 42,849   |
| Selling and marketing expense (1)   |                                  | 176,875   |       | 206,475  |    | 565,569                            |       | 589,143  |
| General and administrative expense (1)  |                                  | 39,540    |       | 40,126   |    | 115,802                            |       | 114,926  |
| Product development (1)   |                                  | 14,043    |       | 13,384   |    | 42,413                             |       | 39,142   |
| Depreciation  |                                  | 5,274     |       | 4,808    |    | 15,024                             |       | 12,969   |
| Amortization of intangibles   |                                  | 6,582     |       | 10,345   |    | 21,574                             |       | 32,967   |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration                                    |                                  | _         |       | (196)    |    | _                                  |       | (8,249)  |
| Restructuring and severance (1)   |                                  | _         |       | 47       |    | 3,760                              |       | 47       |
| Litigation settlements and contingencies  |                                  | (7)       |       | 22       |    | (41)                               |       | 360      |
| Total costs and expenses  |                                  | 256,412   |       | 290,031  |    | 808,341                            |       | 824,154  |
| Operating (loss) income   |                                  | (18,576)  |       | 7,419    |    | (25,404)                           |       | 16,060   |
| Other (expense) income, net:  |                                  | , , ,     |       |          |    |                                    |       |          |
| Interest expense, net   |                                  | (5,720)   |       | (11,826) |    | (19,990)                           |       | (31,881) |
| Other income  |                                  | 1,523     |       |          |    | 1,806                              |       | 40,072   |
| (Loss) income before income taxes   |                                  | (22,773)  |       | (4,407)  |    | (43,588)                           |       | 24,251   |
| Income tax (expense) benefit  |                                  | (135,910) |       | 1        |    | (133,956)                          |       | 455      |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations  |                                  | (158,683) |       | (4,406)  |    | (177,544)                          |       | 24,706   |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax                                       |                                  | (1)       |       | (54)     |    | (4)                                |       | (3,516)  |
| Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income                                   | \$                               | (158,684) | \$    | (4,460)  | \$ | (177,548)                          | \$    | 21,190   |
| Weighted eveners shows outstanding  |                                  |           |       |          |    |                                    |       |          |
| Weighted average shares outstanding: Basic  |                                  | 12,758    |       | 13,268   |    | 12,794                             |       | 13,194   |
| Diluted   |                                  | 12,758    |       | 13,268   |    | 12,794                             |       | 13,194   |
| (Loss) income per share from continuing operations:                                 |                                  | 12,736    |       | 13,206   |    | 12,794                             |       | 13,797   |
| Basic   | \$                               | (12.44)   | \$    | (0.33)   | \$ | (13.88)                            | \$    | 1.87     |
| Diluted   | \$                               | (12.44)   | \$    | (0.33)   |    | (13.88)                            |       | 1.79     |
| Loss per share from discontinued operations:  | Ψ                                | (12.11)   | Ψ     | (0.55)   | Ψ  | (15.00)                            | Ψ     | 1.//     |
| Basic   | \$                               | _         | \$    | _        | \$ | _                                  | \$    | (0.27)   |
| Diluted   | \$                               | _         | \$    | _        | \$ | _                                  | \$    | (0.25)   |
| Net (loss) income per share:  |                                  |           |       |          |    |                                    |       | ()       |
| Basic   | \$                               | (12.44)   | \$    | (0.34)   | \$ | (13.88)                            | \$    | 1.61     |
| Diluted   | \$                               | (12.44)   | \$    | (0.34)   |    | (13.88)                            | \$    | 1.54     |
|   |                                  |           |       |          |    |                                    |       |          |
| (1) Amounts include non-cash compensation, as follows:                              |                                  |           |       |          |    |                                    |       |          |
| Cost of revenue   | \$                               | 417       | \$    | 371      | \$ | 1,252                              | \$    | 1,231    |
| Selling and marketing expense   |                                  | 2,198     |       | 1,805    |    | 6,522                              |       | 5,583    |
| General and administrative expense  |                                  | 11,212    |       | 13,233   |    | 32,685                             |       | 38,658   |
| Product development   |                                  | 1,748     |       | 1,665    |    | 6,448                              |       | 6,332    |
| Restructuring and severance   |                                  | _         |       | _        |    | 1,083                              |       | _        |
|   |                                  |           |       |          |    |                                    |       |          |
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## LENDINGTREE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

|  | Se  | ptember 30,<br>2022 | De   | ecember 31,<br>2021 |
|--|-----|---------------------|------|---------------------|
|  | (in | thousands,          | exce | pt par value        |
|  |     | and share           | e am | ounts)              |
| ASSETS:  |     |                     |      |                     |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | \$  | 285,538             | \$   | 251,231             |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents   |     | 127                 |      | 111                 |
| Accounts receivable, net   |     | 96,330              |      | 97,658              |
| Prepaid and other current assets   |     | 28,466              |      | 25,379              |
| Total current assets   |     | 410,461             |      | 374,379             |
| Property and equipment   |     | 64,848              |      | 72,477              |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets  |     | 69,770              |      | 77,346              |
| Goodwill   |     | 420,139             |      | 420,139             |
| Intangible assets, net   |     | 64,189              |      | 85,763              |
| Deferred income tax assets   |     | _                   |      | 87,581              |
| Equity investments   |     | 174,580             |      | 158,140             |
| Other non-current assets   |     | 6,308               |      | 6,942               |
| Non-current assets of discontinued operations  |     | _                   |      | 16,589              |
| Total assets   | \$  | 1,210,295           | \$   | 1,299,356           |
|  |     |                     |      |                     |
| LIABILITIES:   |     |                     |      |                     |
| Current portion of long-term debt  | \$  | 2,484               | \$   | 166,008             |
| Accounts payable, trade  |     | 4,583               |      | 1,692               |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities   |     | 84,464              |      | 106,731             |
| Current liabilities of discontinued operations   |     | _                   |      | 1                   |
| Total current liabilities  |     | 91,531              |      | 274,432             |
| Long-term debt   |     | 813,395             |      | 478,151             |
| Operating lease liabilities  |     | 90,532              |      | 96,165              |
| Deferred income tax liabilities  |     | 8,059               |      | 2,265               |
| Other non-current liabilities  |     | 281                 |      | 351                 |
| Total liabilities  |     | 1,003,798           |      | 851,364             |
| Commitments and contingencies  |     |                     |      |                     |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:  |     |                     |      |                     |
| Preferred stock \$.01 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued or outstanding                           |     | _                   |      | _                   |
| Common stock \$.01 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 16,140,103 and 16,070,720 shares issued, respectively, |     |                     |      |                     |
| and 12,784,637 and 13,095,149 shares outstanding, respectively   |     | 161                 |      | 161                 |
| Additional paid-in capital   |     | 1,177,409           |      | 1,242,794           |
| Accumulated deficit  |     | (704,895)           |      | (571,794)           |
| Treasury stock; 3,355,466 and 2,975,571 shares, respectively   |     | (266,178)           |      | (223,169)           |
| Total shareholders' equity   |     | 206,497             |      | 447,992             |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity   | \$  | 1,210,295           | \$   | 1,299,356           |
|  | -   | <i>,</i>            | -    | ,,                  |

<u>Q</u>3.2022



## LENDINGTREE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

|  |               | September  | Ended<br>· 30, |
|--|---------------|------------|----------------|
|  | 202           | 22         | 2021           |
|  |               | (in thousa | nds)           |
| Cash flows from operating activities attributable to continuing operations:  | D (15         | 77 7 40\ A | 21 100         |
| Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income  | <b>\$</b> (17 | 77,548) \$ | 21,190         |
| Less: Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax  | (1.5          | 4          | 3,516          |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations   | (17)          | 77,544)    | 24,706         |
| Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income from continuing operations to net cash provided by operating              |               |            |                |
| activities attributable to continuing operations:  |               | 1001       | 0.651          |
| Loss on impairments and disposal of assets   |               | 4,261      | 2,651          |
| Amortization of intangibles  |               | 21,574     | 32,967         |
| Depreciation   |               | 15,024     | 12,969         |
| Non-cash compensation expense  |               | 17,990     | 51,804         |
| Deferred income taxes  | 13            | 33,943     | (455)          |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration   |               | _          | (8,249)        |
| Gain on investments  |               |            | (40,072)       |
| Bad debt expense   |               | 2,708      | 1,823          |
| Amortization of debt issuance costs  |               | 5,443      | 3,756          |
| Write-off of previously-capitalized debt issuance costs  |               |            | 1,066          |
| Amortization of debt discount  |               | 1,475      | 22,297         |
| Reduction in carrying amount of ROU asset, offset by change in operating lease liabilities                           |               | (890)      | 13,015         |
| Changes in current assets and liabilities:   |               |            |                |
| Accounts receivable  | (             | (1,380)    | (43,688)       |
| Prepaid and other current assets   | (             | (6,271)    | (2,762)        |
| Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities   | (1            | 19,146)    | 7,537          |
| Income taxes receivable  | `             | (389)      | 10,322         |
| Other, net   |               | (469)      | (794)          |
| Net cash provided by operating activities attributable to continuing operations                                      | 2             | 26,329     | 88,893         |
| Cash flows from investing activities attributable to continuing operations:  |               |            |                |
| Capital expenditures   | (             | (8,970)    | (30,515)       |
| Equity investments   |               | 6,440)     | (1,180)        |
| Net cash used in investing activities attributable to continuing operations  |               | 25,410)    | (31,695)       |
| Cash flows from financing activities attributable to continuing operations:  |               | , ,        |                |
| Proceeds from term loan  | 25            | 50,000     |                |
| Repayment of term loan   |               | (625)      | _              |
| Repayment of 0.625% Convertible Senior Notes   | (16           | 69,659)    | _              |
| Payments related to net-share settlement of stock-based compensation, net of proceeds from exercise of stock options |               | (3,292)    | (6,666)        |
| Purchase of treasury stock   |               | 13,009)    | (0,000)        |
| Payment of debt issuance costs   | ( )           | (4)        | (5,995)        |
| Payment of original issue discount on undrawn term loan  |               | _          | (2,500)        |
| Other financing activities   |               | _          | (31)           |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities attributable to continuing operations                            | 1             | 33,411     | (15,192)       |
| Total cash provided by continuing operations   |               | 34,330     | 42,006         |
| Discontinued operations:   | <u> </u>      | 7,330      | 72,000         |
|  |               | (7)        | 2 220          |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities attributable to discontinued operations                          |               | (7)        | 3,330          |
| Total cash (used in) provided by discontinued operations   |               | (7)        | 3,330          |
| Net increase in cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents                              |               | 34,323     | 45,336         |
| Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at beginning of period                       |               | 51,342     | 170,049        |
| Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents at end of period                             | \$ 28         | 85,665 \$  | 215,385        |



## Variable Marketing Expense

Below is a reconciliation of selling and marketing expense to variable marketing expense. See "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" for further discussion of the Company's use of this non-GAAP measure.

|  | Three Months Ended |             |    |          |     |            |    |             |     |             |  |
|--|--------------------|-------------|----|----------|-----|------------|----|-------------|-----|-------------|--|
|  | Sej                | ptember 30, |    | June 30, | I   | March 31,  | D  | ecember 31, | Sep | otember 30, |  |
|  |                    | 2022        |    | 2022     |     | 2022       |    | 2021        |     | 2021        |  |
|  |                    |             |    |          | (in | thousands) |    |             |     |             |  |
| Selling and marketing expense                  | \$                 | 176,875     | \$ | 184,537  | \$  | 204,157    | \$ | 184,847     | \$  | 206,475     |  |
| Non-variable selling and marketing expense (1) |                    | (13,731)    |    | (13,385) |     | (15,081)   |    | (15,053)    |     | (14,928)    |  |
| Variable marketing expense                     | \$                 | 163,144     | \$ | 171,152  | \$  | 189,076    | \$ | 169,794     | \$  | 191,547     |  |

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the portion of selling and marketing expense not attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses. Includes overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses.



## Variable Marketing Margin

Below is a reconciliation of net (loss) income from continuing operations to variable marketing margin and net (loss) income from continuing operations % of revenue to variable marketing margin % of revenue. See "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" for further discussion of the Company's use of these non-GAAP measures.

|   | Three Months Ended |              |    |          |        |                 |        |             |    |             |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------|--------------|----|----------|--------|-----------------|--------|-------------|----|-------------|--|--|--|
|   | Se                 | eptember 30, |    | June 30, | ,      |                 | De     | ecember 31, | Se | ptember 30, |  |  |  |
|   |                    | 2022         |    | 2022     |        | 2022            | 2021   |             |    | 2021        |  |  |  |
|   |                    |              |    | (in thou | sand   | ds, except pero | centa  | iges)       |    |             |  |  |  |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations              | \$                 | (158,683)    | \$ | (8,038)  | \$     | (10,823)        | \$     | 48,432      | \$ | (4,406)     |  |  |  |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations % of revenue | (67)%              |              |    | (3)%     |        | (4)%            |        | 19%         |    | (1)%        |  |  |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile to variable marketing margin:    |                    |              |    |          |        |                 |        |             |    |             |  |  |  |
| Cost of revenue   | 14,105             |              |    | 14,574   | 14,574 |                 | 14,448 |             |    | 15,020      |  |  |  |
| Non-variable selling and marketing expense (1)            |                    | 13,731       |    | 13,385   |        | 15,081          | 15,053 |             |    | 14,928      |  |  |  |
| General and administrative expense                        | 39,540             |              |    | 40,289   |        | 35,973          |        | 38,546      |    | 40,126      |  |  |  |
| Product development                                       | 14,043             |              |    | 14,318   |        | 14,052          |        | 13,723      |    | 13,384      |  |  |  |
| Depreciation  |                    | 5,274        |    | 4,896    |        | 4,854           | 4,941  |             |    | 4,808       |  |  |  |
| Amortization of intangibles                               |                    | 6,582        |    | 7,075    |        | 7,917           | 9,771  |             |    | 10,345      |  |  |  |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration          |                    | _            |    | _        |        |                 |        |             |    | (196)       |  |  |  |
| Restructuring and severance                               |                    | _            |    | 135      |        | 3,625           | 6      |             |    | 47          |  |  |  |
| Litigation settlements and contingencies                  |                    | (7)          |    | (7)      |        | (27)            | 32     |             |    | 22          |  |  |  |
| Interest expense, net                                     |                    | 5,720        |    | 6,765    |        | 7,505           |        | 14,986      |    | 11,826      |  |  |  |
| Other (income) expense                                    |                    | (1,523)      |    | (284)    |        | 1               |        | (83,200)    |    |             |  |  |  |
| Income tax expense (benefit)                              |                    | 135,910      |    | (2,337)  |        | 383             |        | 11,753      |    | (1)         |  |  |  |
| Variable marketing margin                                 | \$                 | 74,692       | \$ | 90,771   | \$     | 94,102          | \$     | 88,491      | \$ | 105,903     |  |  |  |
| Variable marketing margin % of revenue                    |                    | 31%          |    | 35%      |        | 33%             | •      | 34%         |    | 36%         |  |  |  |

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the portion of selling and marketing expense not attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses. Includes overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses.



## **Adjusted EBITDA**

Below is a reconciliation of net (loss) income from continuing operations to adjusted EBITDA and net (loss) income from continuing operations % of revenue to adjusted EBITDA % of revenue. See "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" for further discussion of the Company's use of these non-GAAP measures.

|   |                                    |              |      | T        | hree | Months End | ed    |             |       |             |  |  |  |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------|------|----------|------|------------|-------|-------------|-------|-------------|--|--|--|
|   | Se                                 | eptember 30, |      | June 30, |      | March 31,  | De    | ecember 31, | Ser   | ptember 30, |  |  |  |
|   |                                    | 2022         |      | 2022     |      | 2022       |       | 2021        |       | 2021        |  |  |  |
|   | (in thousands, except percentages) |              |      |          |      |            |       |             |       |             |  |  |  |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations              | \$                                 | (158,683)    | \$   | (8,038)  | \$   | (10,823)   | \$    | 48,432      | \$    | (4,406)     |  |  |  |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations % of revenue | (67)%                              |              | (3)% |          | (4)% |            | 6 19% |             | (1)%  |             |  |  |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile to adjusted EBITDA:              |                                    |              |      |          |      |            |       |             |       |             |  |  |  |
| Amortization of intangibles                               |                                    | 6,582        |      | 7,075    |      | 7,917      |       | 9,771       |       | 10,345      |  |  |  |
| Depreciation  | 5,274                              |              |      | 4,896    |      | 4,854      |       | 4,941       | 4,808 |             |  |  |  |
| Restructuring and severance                               |                                    | _            |      | 135      |      | 3,625      |       | 6           |       | 47          |  |  |  |
| Loss on impairments and disposal of assets                |                                    | 834          |      | 2,996    |      | 431        |       | 814         |       | 1,251       |  |  |  |
| Gain on investments                                       |                                    | _            |      | _        |      | _          |       | (83,200)    |       | _           |  |  |  |
| Non-cash compensation                                     |                                    | 15,575       |      | 17,335   |      | 13,997     |       | 16,751      |       | 17,074      |  |  |  |
| Franchise tax caused by equity investment gain            |                                    |              |      |          |      | 1,500      |       |             |       | _           |  |  |  |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration          |                                    |              |      |          |      |            |       |             |       | (196)       |  |  |  |
| Acquisition expense                                       |                                    | 104          |      | 58       |      | 9          |       | 430         |       | 227         |  |  |  |
| Litigation settlements and contingencies                  |                                    | (7)          |      | (7)      |      | (27)       |       | 32          |       | 22          |  |  |  |
| Interest expense, net                                     |                                    | 5,720        |      | 6,765    |      | 7,505      |       | 14,986      |       | 11,826      |  |  |  |
| Dividend income   | (1,523)                            |              |      | (282)    |      | _          | _     |             |       | _           |  |  |  |
| Income tax expense (benefit)                              |                                    | 135,910      |      | (2,337)  |      | 383        |       | 11,753      |       | (1)         |  |  |  |
| Adjusted EBITDA   | \$                                 | 9,786        | \$   | 28,596   | \$   | 29,371     | \$    | 24,716      | \$    | 40,997      |  |  |  |
| Adjusted EBITDA % of revenue                              |                                    | 4%           |      | 11%      |      | 10%        |       | 10%         |       | 14%         |  |  |  |



## **Adjusted Net Income**

Below is a reconciliation of net (loss) income from continuing operations to adjusted net (loss) income and net (loss) income per diluted share from continuing operations to adjusted net (loss) income per share. See "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" for further discussion of the Company's use of these non-GAAP measures.

|  | Three Months Ended |                     |          |                  |    |                   |    |                      |     |                     |  |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|----------|------------------|----|-------------------|----|----------------------|-----|---------------------|--|
|  | Se                 | ptember 30,<br>2022 |          | June 30,<br>2022 | N  | March 31,<br>2022 | Γ  | December 31,<br>2021 | Sej | ptember 30,<br>2021 |  |
|  |                    |                     | amounts) | ents)            |    |                   |    |                      |     |                     |  |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations                   | \$                 | (158,683)           | \$       | (8,038)          | \$ | (10,823)          | \$ | 48,432               | \$  | (4,406)             |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile to adjusted net (loss) income:        |                    |                     |          |                  |    |                   |    |                      |     |                     |  |
| Restructuring and severance                                    |                    | _                   |          | 135              |    | 3,625             |    | 6                    |     | 47                  |  |
| Loss on impairments and disposal of assets                     |                    | 834                 |          | 2,996            |    | 431               |    | 814                  |     | 1,251               |  |
| Gain on investments  |                    | _                   |          | _                |    | _                 |    | (83,200)             |     | _                   |  |
| Non-cash compensation  |                    | 15,575              |          | 17,335           |    | 13,997            |    | 16,751               |     | 17,074              |  |
| Franchise tax caused by equity investment gain                 |                    | _                   |          | _                |    | 1,500             |    | _                    |     | _                   |  |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration               |                    | _                   |          |                  |    | _                 |    |                      |     | (196)               |  |
| Acquisition expense  |                    | 104                 |          | 58               |    | 9                 |    | 430                  |     | 227                 |  |
| Litigation settlements and contingencies                       |                    | (7)                 |          | (7)              |    | (27)              |    | 32                   |     | 22                  |  |
| Income tax (benefit) expense from adjusted items               |                    | (3,842)             |          | (5,364)          |    | (5,106)           |    | 16,980               |     | (4,687)             |  |
| Excess tax expense (benefit) from stock-based compensation     |                    | 1,752               |          | 438              |    | 2,468             |    | (4,336)              |     | 938                 |  |
| Income tax (benefit) expense from valuation allowance          |                    | 139,670             |          | _                |    | , —               |    |                      |     | _                   |  |
| Adjusted net (loss) income                                     | \$                 | (4,597)             | \$       | 7,553            | \$ | 6,074             | \$ | (4,091)              | \$  | 10,270              |  |
| Net (loss) income per diluted share from continuing operations | \$                 | (12.44)             | \$       | (0.63)           | \$ | (0.84)            | \$ | 3.57                 | \$  | (0.33)              |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income from continuing     | Ψ                  | (12.1.1)            | Ψ        | (0.00)           | Ψ  | (0.01)            | Ψ  | 0.07                 | Ψ   | (0.00)              |  |
| operations to adjusted net (loss) income                       |                    | 12.08               |          | 1.22             |    | 1.31              |    | (3.87)               |     | 1.10                |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile effect of dilutive securities         |                    | 12.00               |          | (0.01)           |    | (0.01)            |    | (0.01)               |     | (0.02)              |  |
| Adjusted net (loss) income per share                           | \$                 | (0.36)              | \$       | 0.58             | \$ | 0.46              | \$ |                      | \$  | 0.75                |  |
| Aujusteu net (1088) income per snare                           | J                  | (0.30)              | Ф        | 0.30             | Φ  | 0.40              | Φ  | (0.51)               | Ф   | 0.73                |  |
| Adjusted weighted average diluted shares outstanding           |                    | 12,758              |          | 12,936           |    | 13,167            |    | 13,212               |     | 13,707              |  |
| Effect of dilutive securities                                  |                    | _                   |          | 213              |    | 266               |    | (346)                |     | 439                 |  |
| Weighted average diluted shares outstanding                    |                    | 12,758              |          | 12,723           |    | 12,901            |    | 13,558               |     | 13,268              |  |
| Effect of dilutive securities                                  |                    | _                   |          | · —              |    | · —               |    | 346                  |     | _                   |  |
| Weighted average basic shares outstanding                      |                    | 12,758              |          | 12,723           |    | 12,901            |    | 13,212               |     | 13,268              |  |
|  |                    |                     |          |                  |    |                   |    |                      |     |                     |  |
| <u>Q</u> 3.2022  |                    |                     |          |                  |    |                   |    |                      |     | 15                  |  |



## LENDINGTREE'S PRINCIPLES OF FINANCIAL REPORTING

LendingTree reports the following non-GAAP measures as supplemental to GAAP:

- Variable marketing margin, including variable marketing expense
- Variable marketing margin % of revenue
- Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization, as adjusted for certain items discussed below ("Adjusted EBITDA")
- Adjusted EBITDA % of revenue
- Adjusted net income
- Adjusted net income per share

Variable marketing margin is a measure of the efficiency of the Company's operating model, measuring revenue after subtracting variable marketing and advertising costs that directly influence revenue. The Company's operating model is highly sensitive to the amount and efficiency of variable marketing expenditures, and the Company's proprietary systems are able to make rapidly changing decisions concerning the deployment of variable marketing expenditures (primarily but not exclusively online and mobile advertising placement) based on proprietary and sophisticated analytics. Variable marketing margin and variable marketing margin % of revenue are primary metrics by which the Company measures the effectiveness of its marketing efforts.

Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA % of revenue are primary metrics by which LendingTree evaluates the operating performance of its businesses, on which its marketing expenditures and internal budgets are based and, in the case of adjusted EBITDA, by which management and many employees are compensated in most years.

Adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share supplement GAAP income from continuing operations and GAAP income per diluted share from continuing operations by enabling investors to make period to period comparisons of those components of the nearest comparable GAAP measures that management believes better reflect the underlying financial performance of the Company's business operations during particular financial reporting periods. Adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share exclude certain amounts, such as non-cash compensation, non-cash asset impairment charges, gain/loss on disposal of assets, gain/loss on investments, restructuring and severance, litigation settlements and contingencies, acquisition and disposition income or expenses including with respect to changes in fair value of contingent consideration, gain/loss on extinguishment of debt, one-time items which are recognized and recorded under GAAP in particular periods but which might be viewed as not necessarily coinciding with the underlying business operations for the periods in which they are so recognized and recorded, the effects to income taxes of the aforementioned adjustments, any excess tax benefit or expense associated with stock-based compensation recorded in net income in conjunction with FASB pronouncement ASU 2016-09, and income tax (benefit) expense from a valuation allowance. LendingTree believes that adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share are useful financial indicators that provide a different view of the financial performance of the Company than adjusted EBITDA (the primary metric by which LendingTree evaluates the operating performance of its businesses) and the GAAP measures of net income from continuing operations and GAAP income per diluted share from continuing operations.

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These non-GAAP measures should be considered in addition to results prepared in accordance with GAAP, but should not be considered a substitute for or superior to GAAP results. LendingTree provides and encourages investors to examine the reconciling adjustments between the GAAP and non-GAAP measures set forth above.

#### **Definition of LendingTree's Non-GAAP Measures**

Variable marketing margin is defined as revenue less variable marketing expense. Variable marketing expense is defined as the expense attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses, and excluding overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses. The majority of these variable advertising costs are expressly intended to drive traffic to our websites and these variable advertising costs are included in selling and marketing expense on the Company's consolidated statements of operations and consolidated income.

EBITDA is defined as net income from continuing operations excluding interest, income taxes, amortization of intangibles and depreciation.

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA excluding (1) non-cash compensation expense, (2) non-cash impairment charges, (3) gain/loss on disposal of assets, (4) gain/loss on investments, (5) restructuring and severance expenses, (6) litigation settlements and contingencies, (7) acquisitions and dispositions income or expense (including with respect to changes in fair value of contingent consideration), (8) dividend income, and (9) one-time items.

Adjusted net income is defined as net income (loss) from continuing operations excluding (1) non-cash compensation expense, (2) non-cash impairment charges, (3) gain/loss on disposal of assets, (4) gain/loss on investments, (5) restructuring and severance expenses, (6) litigation settlements and contingencies, (7) acquisitions and dispositions income or expense (including with respect to changes in fair value of contingent consideration), (8) gain/loss on extinguishment of debt, (9) one-time items, (10) the effects to income taxes of the aforementioned adjustments, (11) any excess tax benefit or expense associated with stock-based compensation recorded in net income in conjunction with FASB pronouncement ASU 2016-09, and (12) income tax (benefit) expense from a valuation allowance.

Adjusted net income per share is defined as adjusted net income divided by the adjusted weighted average diluted shares outstanding. For periods which the Company reports GAAP loss from continuing operations, the effects of potentially dilutive securities are excluded from the calculation of net loss per diluted share from continuing operations because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. In periods where the Company reports GAAP loss from continuing operations but reports positive non-GAAP adjusted net income, the effects of potentially dilutive securities are included in the denominator for calculating adjusted net income per share if their inclusion would be dilutive.

LendingTree endeavors to compensate for the limitations of these non-GAAP measures by also providing the comparable GAAP measures with equal or greater prominence and descriptions of the reconciling items, including quantifying such items, to derive the non-GAAP measures. These non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.



#### **One-Time Items**

Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net income are adjusted for one-time items, if applicable. Items are considered one-time in nature if they are non-recurring, infrequent or unusual, and have not occurred in the past two years or are not expected to recur in the next two years, in accordance with SEC rules. For the periods presented in this report, there are no adjustments for one-time items, except for the \$1.5 million franchise tax caused by the equity investment gain in Stash.

## Non-Cash Expenses That Are Excluded From LendingTree's Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income

Non-cash compensation expense consists principally of expense associated with the grants of restricted stock, restricted stock units and stock options. These expenses are not paid in cash and LendingTree includes the related shares in its calculations of fully diluted shares outstanding. Upon settlement of restricted stock units, exercise of certain stock options or vesting of restricted stock awards, the awards may be settled on a net basis, with LendingTree remitting the required tax withholding amounts from its current funds. Cash expenditures for employer payroll taxes on non-cash compensation are included within adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net income.

Amortization of intangibles are non-cash expenses relating primarily to acquisitions. At the time of an acquisition, the intangible assets of the acquired company, such as purchase agreements, technology and customer relationships, are valued and amortized over their estimated lives. Amortization of intangibles are only excluded from adjusted EBITDA.

#### Safe Harbor Statement Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

The matters contained in the discussion above may be considered to be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Those statements include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations or anticipations of LendingTree and members of our management team. Factors currently known to management that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include the following: uncertainty regarding the duration and scope of the coronavirus referred to as COVID-19 pandemic; the pace of the ongoing recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic subside; adverse conditions in the primary and secondary mortgage markets and in the economy, particularly interest rates; default rates on loans, particularly unsecured loans; demand by investors for unsecured personal loans; the effect of such demand on interest rates for personal loans and consumer demand for personal loans; inflationary trends; seasonality of results; potential liabilities to secondary market purchasers; changes in the Company's relationships with network lenders, including dependence on certain key network lenders; breaches of network security or the misappropriation or misuse of personal consumer information; failure to provide competitive service; failure to maintain brand recognition; ability to attract and retain consumers in a cost-effective manner; the effects of potential acquisitions of other businesses, including the ability to integrate them successfully with LendingTree's existing operations; accounting rules related to contingent consideration and excess tax benefits or expenses on stock-based compensation that could materially affect earnings in future periods; ability to develop new products and services and enhance existing ones; competition; allegations of failure to comply with existing or changing laws, rules or regulations, or to obtain and maintain required licenses; failure of network lenders or other affiliated parties to comply with regulatory requirements; failure to maintain the integrity of systems and infrastructure; liabilities as a result of privacy regulations; failure to adequately protect intellectual property rights or allegations of infringement of intellectual property rights; and changes in management. These and additional factors to be considered are set forth under "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2021, in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2022, and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. LendingTree undertakes no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes to future operating results or expectations.