



## LENDINGTREE REPORTS FIRST QUARTER 2023 RESULTS

*Strategic Expense Reductions Help Offset Continued Economic Headwinds*

- Consolidated revenue of \$200.5 million
- GAAP net income of \$13.5 million or \$1.04 per diluted share, inclusive of a gain of \$30.9 million from the partial repurchase of our 2025 convertible notes at a discount
- Variable marketing margin of \$76.1 million
- Adjusted EBITDA of \$14.5 million
- Adjusted net income per share of \$0.25

CHARLOTTE, NC - May 2, 2023 - LendingTree, Inc. (NASDAQ: TREE), operator of LendingTree.com, the nation's leading online financial services marketplace, today announced results for the quarter ended March 31, 2023.

The company has posted a letter to shareholders on the company's website at [investors.lendingtree.com](https://investors.lendingtree.com).

"During the first quarter we completed a strategic expense reduction that impacted 13% of our workforce. The plan targeted parts of our business that are more capital intensive, as well as those areas where the revenue outlook has become less certain in light of the challenging economic environment," said Doug Lebda, Chairman and CEO. "We have also completed our transition from an annual to a quarterly strategic planning cadence. Combined with our cross-functional team support for each of our discrete growth initiatives, we are better able to focus our employees and resources on the projects we believe are most important to deliver on our goal of creating the best-in-class consumer experience, as well as improved financial performance."

Trent Ziegler, CFO, added, "The series of steps we have taken to right-size our fixed costs over the last two quarters will allow us to generate improved operating leverage as demand from our partners eventually recovers. In the interim, running the business more efficiently will help improve our immediate financial performance and streamline our ability to execute on our targeted growth opportunities."

### **First Quarter 2023 Business Highlights**

- Home segment revenue of \$43.7 million decreased 57% over first quarter 2022 and produced segment profit of \$15.1 million, down 58% over the same period.
  - Within Home, revenue from Home Equity of \$23.7 million grew 2% over prior year.
- Consumer segment revenue of \$79.7 million declined 21% over first quarter 2022.
  - Within Consumer, personal loans revenue of \$23.6 million declined 33% over prior year.
  - Revenue from our small business offering decreased 11% over prior year.
  - Credit card revenue of \$18.3 million was down 39% over prior year.
- Insurance segment revenue of \$77.1 million decreased 4% over first quarter 2022 and translated into segment profit of \$30.2 million, up 43% over the same period.
- Through March 31, 2023, 25.8 million consumers have signed up for MyLendingTree.

<b>LendingTree Summary Financial Metrics</b>					
<b>(In millions, except per share amounts)</b>					
	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>		<b>Y/Y % Change</b>	<b>Three Months Ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>		<b>2022</b>	<b>Q/Q % Change</b>
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>\$ 200.5</b>	<b>\$ 283.2</b>	<b>(29)%</b>	<b>\$ 202.1</b>	<b>(1)%</b>
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 13.9	\$ (10.4)	234 %	\$ (11.3)	223 %
Income tax (expense) benefit	\$ (0.4)	\$ (0.4)	— %	\$ 0.9	(144) %
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ 13.5</b>	<b>\$ (10.8)</b>	<b>225 %</b>	<b>\$ (10.4)</b>	<b>230 %</b>
<i>Net income (loss) % of revenue</i>	<i>7 %</i>	<i>(4)%</i>		<i>(5)%</i>	
<b>Income (loss) per share</b>					
Basic	\$ 1.05	\$ (0.84)		\$ (0.81)	
Diluted	\$ 1.04	\$ (0.84)		\$ (0.81)	
<b>Variable marketing margin</b>					
Total revenue	\$ 200.5	\$ 283.2	(29)%	\$ 202.1	(1)%
Variable marketing expense <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	\$ (124.4)	\$ (189.1)	(34)%	\$ (124.0)	— %
<b>Variable marketing margin <sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 76.1</b>	<b>\$ 94.1</b>	<b>(19)%</b>	<b>\$ 78.1</b>	<b>(3)%</b>
<i>Variable marketing margin % of revenue <sup>(2)</sup></i>	<i>38 %</i>	<i>33 %</i>		<i>39 %</i>	
<b>Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 14.5</b>	<b>\$ 29.4</b>	<b>(51)%</b>	<b>\$ 16.7</b>	<b>(13)%</b>
<i>Adjusted EBITDA % of revenue <sup>(2)</sup></i>	<i>7 %</i>	<i>10 %</i>		<i>8 %</i>	
<b>Adjusted net income <sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 3.2</b>	<b>\$ 6.1</b>	<b>(48)%</b>	<b>\$ 4.9</b>	<b>(35)%</b>
<b>Adjusted net income per share <sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 0.25</b>	<b>\$ 0.46</b>	<b>(46)%</b>	<b>\$ 0.38</b>	<b>(34)%</b>

(1) Represents the portion of selling and marketing expense attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses. Excludes overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses.

(2) Variable marketing expense, variable marketing margin, variable marketing margin % of revenue, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA % of revenue, adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share are non-GAAP measures. Please see "LendingTree's Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures to GAAP" and "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" below for more information.

LendingTree Segment Results						
(In millions)						
	Three Months Ended March 31,		Y/Y % Change	Three Months Ended December 31,		Q/Q % Change
	2023	2022		2022		
<b>Home</b> <sup>(1)</sup>						
Revenue	\$ 43.7	\$ 101.9	(57)%	\$ 48.6		(10)%
Segment profit	\$ 15.1	\$ 35.9	(58)%	\$ 16.3		(7)%
<i>Segment profit % of revenue</i>	<i>35 %</i>	<i>35 %</i>		<i>34 %</i>		
<b>Consumer</b> <sup>(2)</sup>						
Revenue	\$ 79.7	\$ 101.1	(21)%	\$ 86.2		(8)%
Segment profit	\$ 34.9	\$ 42.5	(18)%	\$ 41.7		(16)%
<i>Segment profit % of revenue</i>	<i>44 %</i>	<i>42 %</i>		<i>48 %</i>		
<b>Insurance</b> <sup>(3)</sup>						
Revenue	\$ 77.1	\$ 80.0	(4)%	\$ 67.0		15 %
Segment profit	\$ 30.2	\$ 21.1	43 %	\$ 25.6		18 %
<i>Segment profit % of revenue</i>	<i>39 %</i>	<i>26 %</i>		<i>38 %</i>		
<b>Other</b> <sup>(4)</sup>						
Revenue	\$ —	\$ 0.1	(100)%	\$ 0.2		(100)%
(Loss) profit	\$ (0.2)	\$ (0.1)	(100)%	\$ (0.1)		(100)%
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>\$ 200.5</b>	<b>\$ 283.2</b>	<b>(29)%</b>	<b>\$ 202.1</b>		<b>(1)%</b>
<b>Total segment profit</b>	<b>\$ 80.0</b>	<b>\$ 99.5</b>	<b>(20)%</b>	<b>\$ 83.4</b>		<b>(4)%</b>
Brand marketing expense <sup>(5)</sup>	\$ (3.9)	\$ (5.4)	(28)%	\$ (5.3)		(26)%
<b>Variable marketing margin</b>	<b>\$ 76.1</b>	<b>\$ 94.1</b>	<b>(19)%</b>	<b>\$ 78.1</b>		<b>(3)%</b>
<i>Variable marketing margin % of revenue</i>	<i>38 %</i>	<i>33 %</i>		<i>39 %</i>		

(1) The Home segment includes the following products: purchase mortgage, refinance mortgage, home equity loans, and reverse mortgage loans. We ceased offering reverse mortgage loans in Q4 2022.

(2) The Consumer segment includes the following products: credit cards, personal loans, small business loans, student loans, auto loans, deposit accounts, and other credit products such as credit repair and debt settlement.

(3) The Insurance segment consists of insurance quote products and sales of insurance policies.

(4) The Other category primarily includes marketing revenue and related expenses not allocated to a specific segment.

(5) Brand marketing expense represents the portion of selling and marketing expense attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses that are not assignable to the segments' products. This measure excludes overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses.

## Financial Outlook\*

Today we are updating our full-year 2023 outlook which implies the following ranges for the second-quarter. Our forecast includes a benefit from recently completed expense reductions offset by continued headwinds in Home, a pressured revenue environment for Consumer and, to a lesser extent, Insurance. In April, subsequent to quarter end, we made the decision to close our Ovation Credit Services business, with the financial impact incorporated in our forecast.

### Full-year 2023:

- Revenue of \$760 - \$800 million compared to the prior range of \$935 - \$985 million.
- Variable Marketing Margin of \$290 - \$310 million vs prior range of \$325 - \$350 million.
- Adjusted EBITDA of \$80 - \$90 million vs prior range of \$85 - \$95 million.

### Second-quarter 2023:

- Revenue: \$190 - \$200 million
- Variable Marketing Margin: \$75 - \$80 million
- Adjusted EBITDA: \$17 - \$22 million

*\*LendingTree is not able to provide a reconciliation of projected variable marketing margin or adjusted EBITDA to the most directly comparable expected GAAP results due to the unknown effect, timing and potential significance of the effects of legal matters and tax considerations. Expenses associated with legal matters and tax considerations have in the past, and may in the future, significantly affect GAAP results in a particular period.*

## Quarterly Conference Call

A conference call to discuss LendingTree's first quarter 2023 financial results will be webcast live today, May 2, 2023 at 9:00 AM Eastern Time (ET). The live audiocast is open to the public and will be available on LendingTree's investor relations website at [investors.lendingtree.com](https://investors.lendingtree.com). Following completion of the call, a recorded replay of the webcast will be available on the website.

## LENDINGTREE'S RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP MEASURES TO GAAP

**Variable Marketing Expense**

Below is a reconciliation of selling and marketing expense, the most directly comparable GAAP measure, to variable marketing expense. See "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" for further discussion of the Company's use of this non-GAAP measure.

	Three Months Ended		
	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
	<i>(in thousands)</i>		
<b>Selling and marketing expense</b>	<b>\$ 137,111</b>	<b>\$ 136,669</b>	<b>\$ 204,157</b>
Non-variable selling and marketing expense <sup>(1)</sup>	(12,712)	(12,717)	(15,081)
<b>Variable marketing expense</b>	<b>\$ 124,399</b>	<b>\$ 123,952</b>	<b>\$ 189,076</b>

(1) Represents the portion of selling and marketing expense not attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses. Includes overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses.

**LENDINGTREE'S RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP MEASURES TO GAAP**
**Variable Marketing Margin**

Below is a reconciliation of net income (loss), the most directly comparable table GAAP measure, to variable marketing margin and net income (loss) % of revenue to variable marketing margin % of revenue. See "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" for further discussion of the Company's use of these non-GAAP measures.

	Three Months Ended		
	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
	<i>(in thousands, except percentages)</i>		
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ 13,457</b>	<b>\$ (10,404)</b>	<b>\$ (10,826)</b>
<i>Net income (loss) % of revenue</i>	<i>7%</i>	<i>(5)%</i>	<i>(4)%</i>
Adjustments to reconcile to variable marketing margin:			
Cost of revenue	13,760	13,529	15,561
Non-variable selling and marketing expense <sup>(1)</sup>	12,712	12,717	15,081
General and administrative expense	36,683	36,575	35,977
Product development	14,655	13,140	14,052
Depreciation	4,795	5,071	4,854
Amortization of intangibles	2,049	3,732	7,917
Restructuring and severance	4,454	668	3,625
Litigation settlements and contingencies	12	23	(27)
Interest (income) expense, net	(25,029)	6,024	7,505
Other (income) expense	(1,834)	(2,037)	1
Income tax expense (benefit)	395	(935)	382
<b>Variable marketing margin</b>	<b>\$ 76,109</b>	<b>\$ 78,103</b>	<b>\$ 94,102</b>
<i>Variable marketing margin % of revenue</i>	<i>38%</i>	<i>39%</i>	<i>33%</i>

(1) Represents the portion of selling and marketing expense not attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses. Includes overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses.

## LENDINGTREE'S RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP MEASURES TO GAAP

**Adjusted EBITDA**

Below is a reconciliation of net income (loss), the most directly comparable table GAAP measure, to adjusted EBITDA and net income (loss) % of revenue to adjusted EBITDA % of revenue. See "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" for further discussion of the Company's use of these non-GAAP measures.

	Three Months Ended		
	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
	<i>(in thousands, except percentages)</i>		
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ 13,457</b>	<b>\$ (10,404)</b>	<b>\$ (10,826)</b>
<i>Net income (loss) % of revenue</i>	<i>7%</i>	<i>(5)%</i>	<i>(4)%</i>
<b>Adjustments to reconcile to adjusted EBITDA:</b>			
Amortization of intangibles	2,049	3,732	7,917
Depreciation	4,795	5,071	4,854
Restructuring and severance	4,454	668	3,625
Loss on impairments and disposal of assets	5,027	2,329	431
Non-cash compensation	11,203	11,634	13,997
Franchise tax caused by equity investment gain	—	—	1,500
Contribution to LendingTree Foundation	—	500	—
Acquisition expense	(9)	106	9
Litigation settlements and contingencies	12	23	(27)
Interest (income) expense, net	(25,029)	6,024	7,505
Dividend income	(1,834)	(2,037)	—
Income tax expense (benefit)	395	(935)	382
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 14,520</b>	<b>\$ 16,711</b>	<b>\$ 29,367</b>
<i>Adjusted EBITDA % of revenue</i>	<i>7%</i>	<i>8%</i>	<i>10%</i>

## LENDINGTREE'S RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP MEASURES TO GAAP

**Adjusted Net Income**

Below is a reconciliation of net income (loss), the most directly comparable table GAAP measure, to adjusted net income and net income (loss) per diluted share to adjusted net income per share. See "LendingTree's Principles of Financial Reporting" for further discussion of the Company's use of these non-GAAP measures.

	Three Months Ended		
	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
	<i>(in thousands, except per share amounts)</i>		
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ 13,457</b>	<b>\$ (10,404)</b>	<b>\$ (10,826)</b>
Adjustments to reconcile to adjusted net income:			
Restructuring and severance	4,454	668	3,625
Loss on impairments and disposal of assets	5,027	2,329	431
Non-cash compensation	11,203	11,634	13,997
Franchise tax caused by equity investment gain	—	—	1,500
Contribution to LendingTree Foundation	—	500	—
Acquisition expense	(9)	106	9
Litigation settlements and contingencies	12	23	(27)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(30,897)	—	—
Income tax expense (benefit) from adjusted items	—	—	(5,106)
Excess tax expense from stock-based compensation	—	—	2,468
<b>Adjusted net income</b>	<b>\$ 3,247</b>	<b>\$ 4,856</b>	<b>\$ 6,071</b>
<b>Net income (loss) per diluted share</b>	<b>\$ 1.04</b>	<b>\$ (0.81)</b>	<b>\$ (0.84)</b>
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to adjusted net income	(0.79)	1.19	1.31
Adjustments to reconcile effect of dilutive securities	—	—	(0.01)
<b>Adjusted net income per share</b>	<b>\$ 0.25</b>	<b>\$ 0.38</b>	<b>\$ 0.46</b>
<b>Adjusted weighted average diluted shares outstanding</b>	<b>12,935</b>	<b>12,793</b>	<b>13,167</b>
Effect of dilutive securities	—	2	266
<b>Weighted average diluted shares outstanding</b>	<b>12,935</b>	<b>12,791</b>	<b>12,901</b>
Effect of dilutive securities	89	—	—
<b>Weighted average basic shares outstanding</b>	<b>12,846</b>	<b>12,791</b>	<b>12,901</b>

## LENDINGTREE'S PRINCIPLES OF FINANCIAL REPORTING

LendingTree reports the following non-GAAP measures as supplemental to GAAP:

- Variable marketing expense
- Variable marketing margin
- Variable marketing margin % of revenue
- Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization, as adjusted for certain items discussed below ("Adjusted EBITDA")
- Adjusted EBITDA % of revenue
- Adjusted net income
- Adjusted net income per share

Variable marketing expense, variable marketing margin and variable marketing margin % of revenue are related measures of the effectiveness of the Company's marketing efforts. Variable marketing margin is a measure of the efficiency of the Company's operating model, measuring revenue after subtracting variable marketing expense. Variable marketing expense represents the portion of selling and marketing expense attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing, and related expenses, and excludes overhead, fixed costs, and personnel related expenses. The Company's operating model is highly sensitive to the amount and efficiency of variable marketing expenditures, and the Company's proprietary systems are able to make rapidly changing decisions concerning the deployment of variable marketing expenditures (primarily but not exclusively online and mobile advertising placement) based on proprietary and sophisticated analytics.

Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA % of revenue are primary metrics by which LendingTree evaluates the operating performance of its businesses, on which its marketing expenditures and internal budgets are based and, in the case of adjusted EBITDA, by which management and many employees are compensated in most years.

Adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share supplement GAAP net income and GAAP net income per diluted share by enabling investors to make period to period comparisons of those components of the most directly comparable GAAP measures that management believes better reflect the underlying financial performance of the Company's business operations during particular financial reporting periods. Adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share exclude certain amounts, such as non-cash compensation, non-cash asset impairment charges, gain/loss on disposal of assets, gain/loss on investments, restructuring and severance, litigation settlements and contingencies, acquisition and disposition income or expenses including with respect to changes in fair value of contingent consideration, gain/loss on extinguishment of debt, contributions to the LendingTree Foundation, one-time items which are recognized and recorded under GAAP in particular periods but which might be viewed as not necessarily coinciding with the underlying business operations for the periods in which they are so recognized and recorded, the effects to income taxes of the aforementioned adjustments, any excess tax benefit or expense associated with stock-based compensation recorded in net income in conjunction with FASB pronouncement ASU 2016-09, and income tax (benefit) expense from a full valuation allowance. LendingTree believes that adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share are useful financial indicators that provide a different view of the financial performance of the Company than adjusted EBITDA (the primary metric by which LendingTree evaluates the operating performance of its businesses) and the GAAP measures of net income and GAAP net income per diluted share.

These non-GAAP measures should be considered in addition to results prepared in accordance with GAAP, but should not be considered a substitute for or superior to GAAP results. LendingTree provides and encourages investors to examine the reconciling adjustments between the GAAP and non-GAAP measures set forth above.

## Definition of LendingTree's Non-GAAP Measures

Variable marketing margin is defined as revenue less variable marketing expense. Variable marketing expense is defined as the expense attributable to variable costs paid for advertising, direct marketing and related expenses, and excluding overhead, fixed costs and personnel-related expenses. The majority of these variable advertising costs are expressly intended to drive traffic to our websites and these variable advertising costs are included in selling and marketing expense on the Company's consolidated statements of operations and consolidated income.

EBITDA is defined as net income from continuing operations excluding interest, income taxes, amortization of intangibles and depreciation.

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA excluding (1) non-cash compensation expense, (2) non-cash impairment charges, (3) gain/loss on disposal of assets, (4) gain/loss on investments, (5) restructuring and severance expenses, (6) litigation settlements and contingencies, (7) acquisitions and dispositions income or expense (including with respect to changes in fair value of contingent consideration), (8) contributions to the LendingTree Foundation (9) dividend income, and (10) one-time items.

Adjusted net income is defined as net (loss) income from continuing operations excluding (1) non-cash compensation expense, (2) non-cash impairment charges, (3) gain/loss on disposal of assets, (4) gain/loss on investments, (5) restructuring and severance expenses, (6) litigation settlements and contingencies, (7) acquisitions and dispositions income or expense (including with respect to changes in fair value of contingent consideration), (8) gain/loss on extinguishment of debt, (9) contributions to the LendingTree Foundation, (10) one-time items, (11) the effects to income taxes of the aforementioned adjustments, (12) any excess tax benefit or expense associated with stock-based compensation recorded in net income in conjunction with FASB pronouncement ASU 2016-09, and (13) income tax (benefit) expense from a full valuation allowance.

Adjusted net income per share is defined as adjusted net income divided by the adjusted weighted average diluted shares outstanding. For periods which the Company reports GAAP loss from continuing operations, the effects of potentially dilutive securities are excluded from the calculation of net loss per diluted share from continuing operations because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. In periods where the Company reports GAAP loss from continuing operations but reports positive non-GAAP adjusted net income, the effects of potentially dilutive securities are included in the denominator for calculating adjusted net income per share if their inclusion would be dilutive.

LendingTree endeavors to compensate for the limitations of these non-GAAP measures by also providing the comparable GAAP measures with equal or greater prominence and descriptions of the reconciling items, including quantifying such items, to derive the non-GAAP measures. These non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

### One-Time Items

Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net income are adjusted for one-time items, if applicable. Items are considered one-time in nature if they are non-recurring, infrequent or unusual, and have not occurred in the past two years or are not expected to recur in the next two years, in accordance with SEC rules. For the periods presented in this report, there are no adjustments for one-time items, except for the \$1.5 million franchise tax caused by the equity investment gain in Stash.

## **Non-Cash Expenses That Are Excluded From LendingTree's Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income**

Non-cash compensation expense consists principally of expense associated with the grants of restricted stock, restricted stock units and stock options. These expenses are not paid in cash and LendingTree includes the related shares in its calculations of fully diluted shares outstanding. Upon settlement of restricted stock units, exercise of certain stock options or vesting of restricted stock awards, the awards may be settled on a net basis, with LendingTree remitting the required tax withholding amounts from its current funds. Cash expenditures for employer payroll taxes on non-cash compensation are included within adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net income.

Amortization of intangibles are non-cash expenses relating primarily to acquisitions. At the time of an acquisition, the intangible assets of the acquired company, such as purchase agreements, technology and customer relationships, are valued and amortized over their estimated lives. Amortization of intangibles are only excluded from adjusted EBITDA.

## **Safe Harbor Statement Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995**

The matters contained in the discussion above may be considered to be “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Those statements include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations or anticipations of LendingTree and members of our management team. Factors currently known to management that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include the following: adverse conditions in the primary and secondary mortgage markets and in the economy, particularly interest rates and inflation; default rates on loans, particularly unsecured loans; demand by investors for unsecured personal loans; the effect of such demand on interest rates for personal loans and consumer demand for personal loans; seasonality of results; potential liabilities to secondary market purchasers; changes in the Company's relationships with network partners, including dependence on certain key network partners; breaches of network security or the misappropriation or misuse of personal consumer information; failure to provide competitive service; failure to maintain brand recognition; ability to attract and retain consumers in a cost-effective manner; the effects of potential acquisitions of other businesses, including the ability to integrate them successfully with LendingTree's existing operations; accounting rules related to contingent consideration and excess tax benefits or expenses on stock-based compensation that could materially affect earnings in future periods; ability to develop new products and services and enhance existing ones; competition; effects of changing laws, rules or regulations on our business model; allegations of failure to comply with existing or changing laws, rules or regulations, or to obtain and maintain required licenses; failure of network partners or other affiliated parties to comply with regulatory requirements; failure to maintain the integrity of systems and infrastructure; liabilities as a result of privacy regulations; uncertainty regarding the duration and scope of the coronavirus referred to as COVID-19 pandemic; actions governments and businesses take in response to the pandemic, including actions that could affect levels of advertising activity; the impact of the pandemic and actions taken in response to the pandemic on national and regional economies and economic activity; the pace of the ongoing recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic subsides; failure to adequately protect intellectual property rights or allegations of infringement of intellectual property rights; and changes in management. These and additional factors to be considered are set forth under “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2022, and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. LendingTree undertakes no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes to future operating results or expectations.

## **About LendingTree, Inc.**

LendingTree, Inc. is the parent of LendingTree, LLC and several companies owned by LendingTree, LLC (collectively, "LendingTree" or the "Company").

LendingTree is one of the nation's largest, most experienced online financial platforms, created to give consumers the power to win financially. LendingTree provides customers with access to the best offers on loans, credit cards,

insurance and more through its network of over 600 financial partners. Since its founding, LendingTree has helped millions of customers obtain financing, save money, and improve their financial and credit health in their personal journeys. With a portfolio of innovative products and tools and personalized financial recommendations, LendingTree helps customers achieve everyday financial wins.

LendingTree, Inc. is headquartered in Charlotte, NC. For more information, please visit [www.lendingtree.com](http://www.lendingtree.com).

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